By a practically unanimous viva voce tem was rejected by a vote of 18 to 69 wote the House cut out the \$3,000,000. The bill was passed at midnight by a 800 appropriation clause in the committee bills, refusing to take away from the The adoption of the conscription system came after an hour or more of ating power for war expenditures. The desultory debate, the Senate having expenditured consideration in voting out this lausted the subject earlier in the week. clause was that it broke away from the Shortly before the rejection of the Mesacred prerogative of the House of dic-Kellar amendment the Senate changed taking how much and how all moneys the age limit for conscription, making shall be expended. Against this consideration pleas to stand by the President
and to trust to him the expenditure of
this tremendous lump sum appropriation
were of no avail.

ment to sustain the provisions of the Administration bill offered by Representative Kahn, the Republican who has sentative Kahn, the Republican who hav-led the President's fight in the committee and in the House, was adopted amid scenes of almost riotous confusion. The right for the amendment open-victory for which an ever increasing the way for Col. Roosevell to band had fought for a week was assured organize a division, or divisions, for serby that vote and the dominant crowd of vice abroad was launched by Senators and the control of the small than the control of the series of men who first rallied around voting on the bill began. he Way Department measure after the "Distinctively two things are in the committee had sought to emasculate the minds of those who support this amend-

markable battle they have witnessed. When general debate on the bill opened sacrifice, w Monday few of the small group that announced themselves steadfastly in intent whill favor of conscribing the billion of the small group that intent whill favor of conscribing the sacrifice. favor of conscription believed their stand would be popular with their constituents. As recruits to this first group began to come over it was supposed that White House influence in supposed that White come over it was supposed that White House influence in some way was being turned to account; then it was blamed on propegands in favor of universal service.

Gradually, however, the realization has come over the House members that their constituents are in favor of un!versal obligation to service on its merits acciption provisions of this act, but it and not because of the sentimental and not because of the sentimental and and not because of the sentimental ap-peal to "stand by the President" nor because of the weight of prepaganda. This realisation accounts for the tremendous turnover in sentiment in the House in favor of conscription in the last two days. It accounts for the fact that many members who spoke against conscription decided later to vote for

Many Speeches Made.

eeches in general debate centred ontirely on the one big issue—conscrip-tion. All told 105 members addressed the House in favor of the Presidents plan and fifty-five opposed that plan with the principle of conscription. plan and fifty-five opposed that plan but that it will have a stin and advocated the volunteer plan. With both at home and abroad. exceptions pacifists and those be-German influence in their districts were the Onio has said, that probably found among those advocating the volber of these changed their position on the last two votes—the roll call votes first on the Kahn amendment and second on the final reserve of the votes. ond on the final passage of the bill.
With but few exceptions, moreover.

amendment, proponents of the volunteer system whose views were tainted with neither pacifism nor pro-Germanism merried out previously announces plans to vote for the bill as finally perfected. Only two amendments not presented y Representative Kahn were accepted by the House in committee of the whole. The first of these, offered by Representative Van Dyke, Minnesola. prohibits recruiting officers from accepting for enlistment in the National

Representative Hayden, Arizona and strongly supported by Speaker Clark, apecifically prohibits the acceptance of substitutes for conscripted men or the payment of bountles by the War Department under the provisions of the partment under the provisions of the sense bill. This amendment was not considered of great importance, as the provisions of the bill originally reported out would not permit either of these sivil war abuses.

Repeated attempts to change the second of the definition of the desired attempts to change the second of the desired attempts to change the second of the desired attempts to change the second of the definition of the defini

Repeated attempts to change the age limit from the provisions of the committee bill met with consistent defeat in committee of the whole. The committee majority changed the War Department provision conscripting men from 19 to 18 years of age to include men from 21 to 40. This was accepted by the minority of the committee and Secretary Baker indicated his willingness to accept such a change. Attempts were made first to extend the age limit to 18 and 60 and these met with indifferent interest and were voted down. Then Representative Miller, Minnerant and the work of the war worked down and the sum of the war worked down. Then Representative Miller, Minnerant and will fail."

Speaker Clark to-day replied as followed.

the age limit as proposed by the War Department. Five others voted for Mr. Miller's proposal, which was made only with a view to instructing the House conferees and warning the Senate and War Department that the House will not consider for a minute receding on this amendment. The vote was 6 for to 207 against the proposal.

Representative Madden of Illinois of-

ferred an amendment providing that each of the shall be required to supply its quota of conscripted force in the proportion that its population bears to the pulation of the entire country. This amendment was adopted with strong op-position, as being in line with the pro-vision accepted by the War Department that wherever possible the territorial grouping and designation of units raised by conscription shall be maintained by

tive Keating, Colorado, to exempt social workers and "conscientious objectors"

SENATE FOR T. R.'S ARMY

Amendment fors Through by Vote of 54 to 31.

majority the Senate, following the sample of the House, to-night approved the Administration plan for raising an

creased the basic pay of enlisted men McKellar amendment providing for the from \$15 to \$20 a month.

The passage of the will in the House by an overwheiming majority was indicated clearly shortly after 11 o'clock when by a vote of 219 to 28 the amend- the measure was to be faker. Several changes were made in the bill, notably that remain to said the main the measure was to be faker. unanimous consent the final

Roosevelt Fight Launched.

Harding and Lodge some time before the

When the House met at 11 o'clock a call of the roll showed 403 members present. The twenty-six who answered to their names and then failed to pass batween the tellers on the vote on the Kahn amendment represented so many members who at that late hour did not know how to vote. ment," declared Mr. Harding. "The firs

"The Roosevelt volunteer division, or Veterans of logislative buttles in the divisions, and I specify by name because House said to-night that the conscription fight was in many respects the most remarkable battle they have witnessed.

When general debata on the bill opened.

The second of the second intent while we make resolute prepara-tino, while we commit the American

Senator Lodge, who also was an ar-dent supporter of the conscription bill. made a similar appeal. "I should not support the amendment, he said, "if tary Danlels said to-day that he had committees to deal with the question, in any way it interfered with the con- telegraphed to him asking him to be The Council of National Defence and the amendment only men can be taken for this force who are not liable to the draft. and if those men are not taken in this the way they will be unable to serve their so engrossed in his work that it would be impossible for him to leave country at this moment.

"I can conceive no good reason why sen over 25 who are eager and willing to fight for their country, are earnestly desirous to go to France and who are physically fit for the service should not be permitted to offer their lives if they desire to.

the only man in this country who under the limitations of this emendfor seven years and a half and during that time he was Commander in Chief having been beaten soundly on both committee and roll call votes on the Kabn His presence there would undoubtedly be a help and an encouragement to the nations with whom we are allfed against

Surprise to Friends.

When the Roosevell amendment prohibits recruiting officers from ac-enting for enlistment in the National to the surprise of its friends a majority Guard or regular army units to be of the Senators voted for it. The vote brought up to war strength by volune was 58 to 31. In the House on Friday tary enlistment bors under 21 years of it was defeated by a vote of 150 to 10s. brought up to war strength by volun- was 56 to 31. In the House on Friday tary enlistment boys under 21 years of it was defeated by a vote of 150 to 10s.

age, except with the written consent of Just before the vote was taken on it parents. Under existing law boys who Senator Harding stirred the Senate by offer their services need such written declaring that the adoption of this amendment only when under 13 years of amendment "would give expression to the American wish and set aglow the To Bar Substitutes.

The second amendment offered by one Theodore Roosevelt in the world.

Senator Hiram Johnson extelled Collecture.

Speaker Clark to-day replied as fol-lows: Tell all who signed telegram that recruiting offices for both army that recruiting offices for any open at and navy volunteers are now open at near St. Louis. None Jefferson Barracks, near St. Louis. None of you will have any trouble getting into

GIVES ENGLAND HOPE

Premier Has "Something Up His Sleeve" for Submarines

special Cable Desputch to Tun Sex LONDON. April 28 - The remarkable one of confidence in Premier Lloyd the War Department

Farmer Exemptions.

Representative Lever, chairman of the House Agricultural Committee, offered an amendment, which was adopted by which the clause examption.

Representative Lever, chairman of the House Agricultural Committee officered an amendment, which was adopted by which the clause exampting from the conscription provisor certain officials and classes is made to read. "Persons engaged in industries, including agriculture, found to be necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment." So. This amendment carried by 126 for to 100 against. The wording of the clause still leaves it discretionary with the Provident is to the extent, if any he shall exempt agricultural workers.

A few minutes later the House adopted an amendment by Mr. Lenroot specifically reserving to the President discretionary powers in exempting industrial workers.

Three pacifist attempts to amend were made in the course of the afternoon. The first, an amendment offered by Representative Huddleston of Alabama, to permit foreign service of American troops only upon voluntary enlistment expressly for much service, was defeated on a viva voce vote and an amendment of the expressional workers and "conscientious objectors"

There pacifist attempts to amend were made in the course of the afternoon. The first, an amendment offered by Representative Huddleston of Alabama, to permit foreign service of American troops only upon voluntary enlistment expressly for much service, was defeated on a viva voce vote and an amendment of the expressional workers and "conscientious objectors"

There pacifist attempts to amend were made in the course of the afternoon. The first, an amendment offered by Representative Reading Colorado, to exempt section might be taken to meet the submarine peril.

The Pied Pipers American Vernance vote and an amendment offered workers and "conscientious objectors"



EDISON PERFECTING STATES TO DISCUSS ANTI U-BOAT DEVICE NATION'S FOOD NEED

Inventor Now Collaborating Important Conference Will Be With British Admiralty Wednesday.

Machine on Shore Registers George W. Perkins Urges Ac-Presence and Location of Submarines

aubmarines.

here with the British commission, is attend themselves. made workable on a comprehensive and some instances by the chairman of their unlimited scale. French scientific exmind, while we concentrate the Ameri- perts and Thomas A. Edison and a score of public safety. or more of the best navy experts have food problem. In the solution it is been devoting their time exclusively to thought by the council the States can perfecting the plan.

Mr. Edison is collaborating with ex- State perts of the British Admiralty. Secre- servation or have separate State central here to-morrow and confer with the British experts and take the trip to different States through Mount Vernon with the commissions mittees and the land grant colleges.

of various phases of the plan under-stand that it is based on a scheme which registers on a meter on shore the passtrain unless it rests on the bottom.

The German U-boat commanders are
well aware of the general outline of this the Senate Agricultural

of the ermy and navy. He is known in and other devices which have been oc-Europe as no other American is known, cupying the attention of Entente experts food a common foe.

Others in the Senate supported the Roosevelt plan, but it was not brought to a vote until ister.

Valuable information for any officer to planting season for many products, he divulge the particular means, if found, to make the scheme operative on a large day.

Competition is Needed. the war zone. However, the statement ide by Lord Beresford hints at the fact

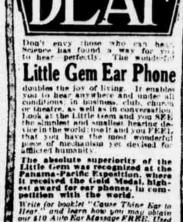
port carrying the daily supply of troops, suplies. Ac., from Great Britain to France. The transportation facilities between Great Britain and France, so far as military operations are concerned. The reason, it is explained, is the best guarded secrets of the war. Naval officers here believe it possible

that the submarine may eventually be as effectively eliminated from the war zone steamship lanes as it has been from

London, April 28 .- Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent reported this after-tion that Admiral von Capelle, German Secretary of State for the Navy, said in a speech that only six mitmarines had been lost in the first two months of the submarine blockade, meaning supposedly February and March, and that this loss had been surpassed several times in new

The British Admiralty was asked to night for comment on this statement, and refused. The best unofficial information indicates that the German claim is intended entirely for home consump-tion, as the submarine losses are regurded as certainly much greater, rkable Nevertheless, the fact that British mer-bloyd cantile losses were doubled last week

Perfect Hearing for the



Held in Washington Next

IT BETRAYS "SEA TIGERS" "RACE AGAINST FAMINE"

tion by Senate Agriculture Committee.

Washington, April 28.—With respect Washington, April 28.—The necessity Vardar in the centre of the Macedonian front, which the British stormed regulated name could be found, he bedon by Lord Beresford that a brilliant in the "race against famine," in which cently, has been repulsed. The Bulgars lieves. Many have been suggested, but the one selected, Mr. McAdoo said, not plan had been devised to overcome the the warring nations of Europe are en- made a strong attack on Thursday night. increasing havor of the German sub-gaged, will be urged upon delegates to got int other lost trenches, and then it will marines it is generally assumed in naval the conference of States called for next circles that the British Admiralty ex- Wednesday by the Council of National clai statements follow:

Defence. As an indication of the imperimental council of the imperime pert referred to a device which has as its. Defence. As an indication of the imobject the detecting of the presence of portance that is attached to the meeting ir was announced to-day by the council This device, which has already been that ten Governors had sent word they referred to by Admiral De Chafr, who is would not send reresentatives but would

most effectively cooperate. State councils or committee Department of Agriculture will direct the work of foodstuff production in the

The Governors who will be here are Machine Lecutes U-Boats.

Harris, Georgia; Harding, Iowa; Millien, Maine; Boyle, Nevada; Edge, New Admiral de Chair's reference to the Jersey; Frazier, North Dakota; Lister. American naval experts who have beard Alexander, Idaho; Manning, South

Houston, in view of the shortage of the sage of a U-boat or other steel mass winter wheat crop, may within a few through mapped out areas on the water. Close to port and where the sea is to use commend and other substitutes shallow the plan can be worked out for wheat flour. A few days before Conwithout difficulty by means of a network gress proclaimed a state of war Secretified wires resting on the bottom. Extery Houston issued a statement sugperiments for areas of five or ten miles gesting the more generous use of cornhave been conducted, it is said, and have ment in place of flour, but as the food shown practical results. But for wider situation at that time did not appear of areas the problem increases, as no wire the present gravity the statement did not can be made strong enough to stand the receive the publicity that would be given

George W. Perkins of New York urged to press immediate action on the cupying the attention of Entente experts food situation. He recommended immended ment generally on them. But it would be giving Germany the most secret and ucts. Because of the nearness of the ucts. Because of the nearness of the

Cooperation is Needed. Mr. Perkins recommended a minimum

home. The waste in New York is appalling. It costs more to get one pound from the track to the home than to bring it from Chicago to New York. It is a

very serious situation.
"I believe the first thing that should be done would be to permit cooperation so that distributers can get together and distribute on a large scale. The way this country has been held up by specu-lators during the past year is appalling. We are going to have trouble on the East Side in New York if something is

BULGARS ROUTED IN MACEDONIA BATTLE

Attempt to Recapture Positions From British Fails.

London. April 28.-Another attempt were driven out with losses. The offi-

British—On the Front Delvers Land Doiran and the Vardar a strong at-tack by the enemy during Thursday night on our positions situated at the extreme right of the positions gained by us Tuesday night succeeded in penetrating our trenches, but a counter attack was immediately organized and the enemy was driven out, leaving a arge number of dead

has been active against villages near our front line.

Bulgarian—On Friday there was in-termittent violent enemy artillery fire between the Vardar and Lake Dolran. The ground in front of our positions is covered with corpses of the enemy. abandoned guns and other war ma-

Reconnouring raids northeast of Kissoli and east of Dollell (three miles west of Doiran) resulted in our can-Small detachments of the enemy. supported by violent artillery fire, at-tempted to advance south of Dolran

but were repulsed. German statement save bas

TURKS ON THE OFFENSIVE. Capture Heights Held by Russians

in Mesopotamia.

LONDON, April 28 -The Turks appear o have begun an offensive against the Russians in Armenia to ease the pressure British and Russian attacks in Mesopotamia and Palestine Firningan the Turks attacked on a con-siderable front and captured a height In Mesopotamia also the Turks attacked. out were driven back. The Russian offi-The enemy manifested intense activ-ity southeast of Erzingan. On the Ke-

ergomt-Azirbaba-Mazralao! - Balume front he succeeded in breaking down one of our barriers and capturing a height in the region of Balumer

COLLEGIANS REACH PARIS. 74 Volunteers for American Ambu

Innce Service Arrive.

PARIS, April 28 - A detachment of sev made by Lord Beresford hints at the fact. Mr. Perkins recommended a minimum ambulance field service arrived here tothat some such plan may now have been price of \$1.50 for wheat. \$1 for corn, \$6
perfected for hears and \$1 for rotates at the

Beat Guarded Wor Secret.

Mr. Perkins recommended a minimum ambulance field service arrived here tothe detachment includes thirtytwo men from Cornell University, five
from the University of Chicago, three Heat Guarded Wer Necret.

German U-boats despite their ever increasing number and their daring have ever been able to sink a single transcret carrying the daily supply of troops, uplies. Ac., from Great Britain to Yance. The transportation facilities etween tireat Britain and Prance, so ar as military operations are concerned.

for beans and \$1 for rotatoes at the nearest to motatoes at the nearest point of deliver.

Do you believe you could stimulate from the University of Chicago, three from the Massach of Technology and men in London on April 12 said Lieut Robins-chusetts Institute of Technology and men from the University, five chicago, three from the University, five means official statement received in London on April 12 said Lieut Robins-chusetts Institute of Technology and men from the University, five and University, five means official statement received from Princeton, three from the Massach In London on April 12 said Lieut Robins-chusetts Institute of Technology and men from Cornell University, five and University, five means official statement received from the University of Chicago, three from the Massach In London on April 12 said Lieut Robins-chusetts Institute of Technology and men from Cornell University, five means official statement received from the University of Chicago, three from the Massach In London on April 12 said Lieut Robins-chusetts Institute of Technology and men from Cornell University, five means the University of Chicago, three from the Massach In London on April 12 said Lieut Robins-chusetts Institute of Technology and men from Cornell University, five means the University of Chicago, three from the University of Pennsylvania, by a German official statement received from the University of Pennsylvania, by a German official statement received from the University of Pennsylvania, by a German official statement received from the University of Pennsylvania, by a German official statement received from the University of Pennsylvania, by a German official statement received from th

The New York City

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Thursday, May 10, 1917

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\$110 Fifth Ave.

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\$1 Willoughby St. Main

\$60 Nostrand Are. Bedford

DUE TO-MORROW REAL BATTLE TRIAL

Every Dollar Ready for Fight of Democracy on Autocracy, McAdoo Says.

WASHINGTON, April 28.-The great

by the Bulgars to regain from the Brit-ish the positions between Dolran and the lar in the fight which democracy is only characterizes the purpose to which it will be devoted, but brings to mind a vivid and clear out mental picture of America's purpose in entering the war. The Treasury Department issued the

following statement The money to be raised by this loan is for the purpose of waging war against autocracy. It is to supply the sinews of battle in the interest of free gov will constitute the first great step of the

United States in the prosecution of the war it should be issued in the name of The terms of the liberty loan will be announced within forty-eight hours un-less present plans are changed. Were not because Mr. McAdoo and his asspeeding the programme, its terms might

Tentatively There has been no letup in the work since the war loan bill first went to Congress. Hundreds of persons have conferred with Treasury Department officials relative to the loan and mousands of letters and telegrams have been

To-day's conferences were devoted largely to investment bankers and the heads and representatives of other finan-cial institutions. Besides these the of-

indebtedness-possibly \$250,000,000 e-probably will be announced soon. as funds will have to be provided to fur nish between \$200,000,000 and \$300,000,000 for Italy and France. Approximately \$60,000,000 of this sum is available. able out of the proceeds of the first offering of certificates, \$200,000,000 of the proceeds of which was loaned to Great

ZEP DESTROYER A PRISONER.

Lient. W. F. Robinson, Aviator, Lands Within German Lines. Panis, April 28 .- The Matis says news

has been received at British headquar-ters that Lieut, William Leefe Robinson, the aviator who destroyed a Zeppelin, is not dead but a prisoner in Germany Lieut. Robinson's gasolene ran out and he was obliged to land within the Ger-

NEW ARMY TO GET

Training Soldiers Will Build modated." or Extend Trenches Under Hail of Shrapnel.

WASHINGTON, April 28.-Soldiering lean which the United States is about will take on an aspect entirely new to cavalry, field artillery and const nounced will go down in history. Sec- ing of the forces to be assembled under once, to report to training came retary McAdoo announced to-night, of-ficially designated as "the liberty loan of teen training canton ments. teen training cantonments.

This name was selected by Mr. Mc.

This name was selected by Mr. Mc.

The Army War College has prepared new training manuals based on the interest of the last doler of the la fighting fronts, gathered from many present enlistments on the da sources. Supplemental regulations will are ordered to training camps cover even more detailed informat brought by the British and French officers here as members of the war mis-sions. The American training system probably will follow to some extent that used in Canada, where the instructors have made every effort to reproduce as closely as possible conditions at the

Sections of trench have been built at the Canadian camps, exactly duplicating important parts of the lines in France held by Canadian troops, Training in ex-tending these works and running saps or erecting entanglements has gone to the accompaniment of actual shell fire so as to harden the nerves of the troops as well as their muscles. To carry out this scheme the Canadians have placed batteries opposite the trenches and kept Pacifists there were, the mossage are batteries opposite the trenches and kept up a steady fire at certain designated but the pacifists did not stand points. The infantrymen under train- separate peace. with shrappel bursting close to them.

Another work that will be new to American troops will be bombing practice. Every company will have its section of grenadiers to clear the way into a disputed transpill. If receives a received to the place themselves at the way into a disputed transpill. If receives a received to the place themselves at the way into the place themselves at the way in the a disputed trench. It requires practice of the nation until democra-to perfect men in this revised art of war, triumphed and a just and and it requires practice also to teach shall have been achieved." bombing parties.

With the artillery all the complicated mechanism for curtain and barrage fire nust be provided for. It takes long taining to fit gunners for this work and absolute certainty of the lines of com-munication with the observation posts. So for each element of the army there ment of the sinking of the Normegian education with the observation posts.

Lospon. April 28 — Official accounts to the sinking of the Normegian education with the observation posts. clai institutions. Best of Great Britain, ficial representatives of Great Britain, ficial representatives of Great Britain, are days of endless toil ahead. The signature of the same time as the terms of the loan are made public amount extent of the loan are made public amount extent of the loan are made public amount extent of the transport trains and ambulance corps—every cog in the intrict the boats of the Norwegian steamer of the loans to Italy and France. As about the same time as the terms of the behind the fighting lines, the pertaint of the loan are made public atmountement is expected to be made regarding the bulance corps—every cog in the intricate machinery of modern warfare must the boat of indebtedness—possibly \$220,000,000

ordinate to form a great fighting to-

Overwhelmed with applications for as ission to the officers' training care the War Department announced tool the postponement of the opening of a camps for one week, "In order to enable a more careful selection to be made of the limited number that can be accom-

The camps were to have been could May 8 to all applicants, but under to new ruling the list of citizens to be at mitted will be published on that all stead, these names being required port for duty not later than Ma The Department issued this stars ordered into active --be designated by department coursel. They are expected to arrive these camps not later than May x listed men from the regular with win hold appointments in the reserve officers corps will be discharged from the present enlistments on the day that the

SCHIFF AIDS RUSSIAN LOAN.

Speech Before Kelligh. Jacob H. Schiff, speaking last night a

the eighth annual convention of a Kelilah in the Hebrew Technical Scho for Cliris, announced that he had loan in Russin. this to encourage the new linesias or

The Kelilah passed a resolution

triumphed and a just and lasting pour

NORWEGIAN STEAMER SUNK. U-Boat Pired on Crew. Repor Made to Bergen.

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of the works of Dorat in bindings by Trautz-Bauzonnet and Chambolle-Duru; Books from Washington's Library.
Pealters, Missals, and Books of Hours, early English literature, Angling literature, French Engravings, fine Bindings. and many other rarities of the highest interest.

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AMERICANA and rare Books in general literature Scarce Confederate Imprints, Regimental Histories, Books on California and the West, and a Collection of Engraved Portraits and Views. On Exhibition from May 1 to the Sale on the Afternoons of May 7, 8, and 9.

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